

Configuration Scheduling Using Temporal Locality and Kernel Correlation

Santheeban Kandasamy
MASc Student
s2kandas@uwaterloo.ca

Andrew Morton
Co-Supervisor
armmorton@uwaterloo.ca

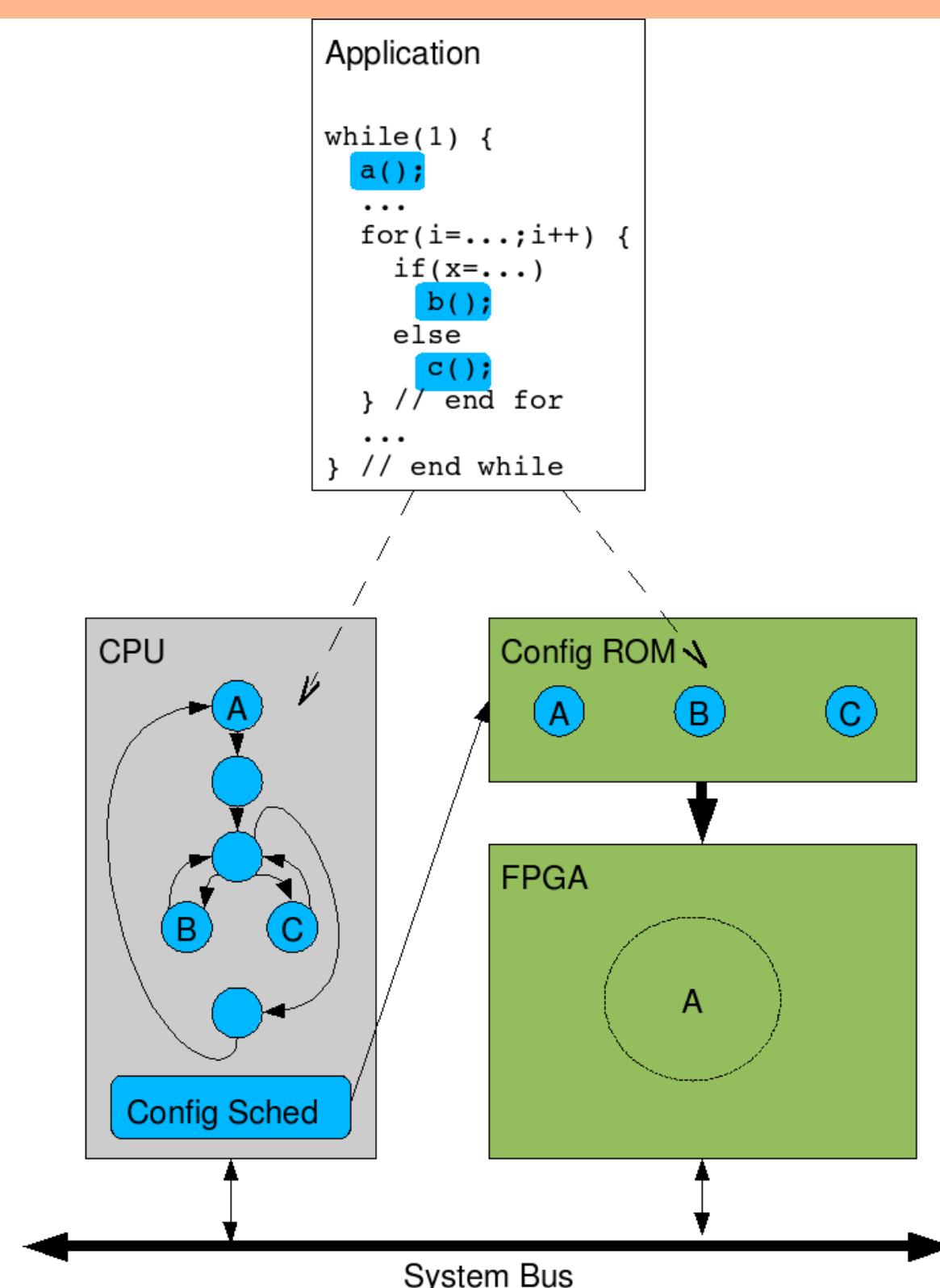
Wayne Loucks
Co-Supervisor
wmloucks@uwaterloo.ca

University of Waterloo
Canada

Configuration Scheduling

- Goal
- reduce reconfiguration overhead
 - eliminate unbeneficial reconfigurations
 - perform reconfigurations in parallel with application

Scenario



Scheduler Modes

- monitoring
 - tracking sw kernel requests
- selection
 - determine kernel needed
- reconfiguration

Temporal Locality

How it works

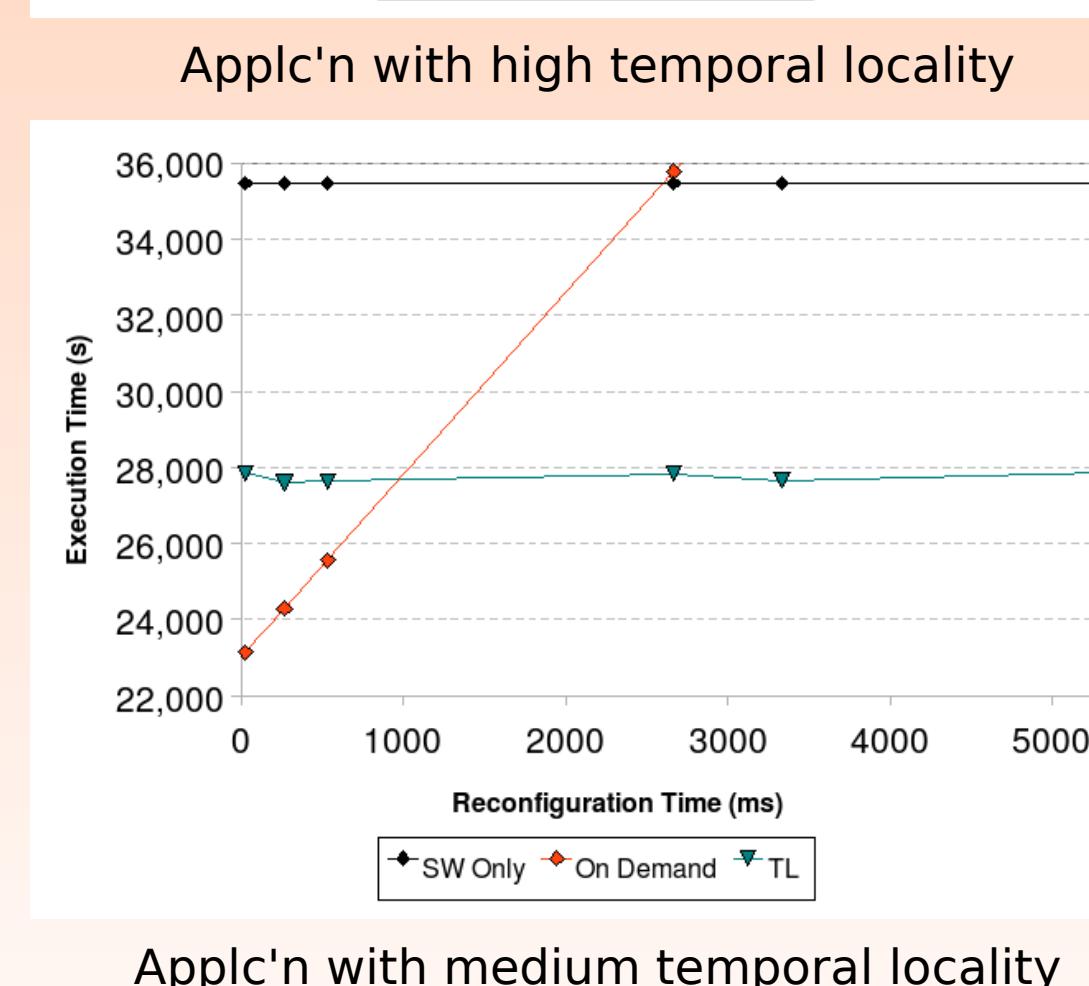
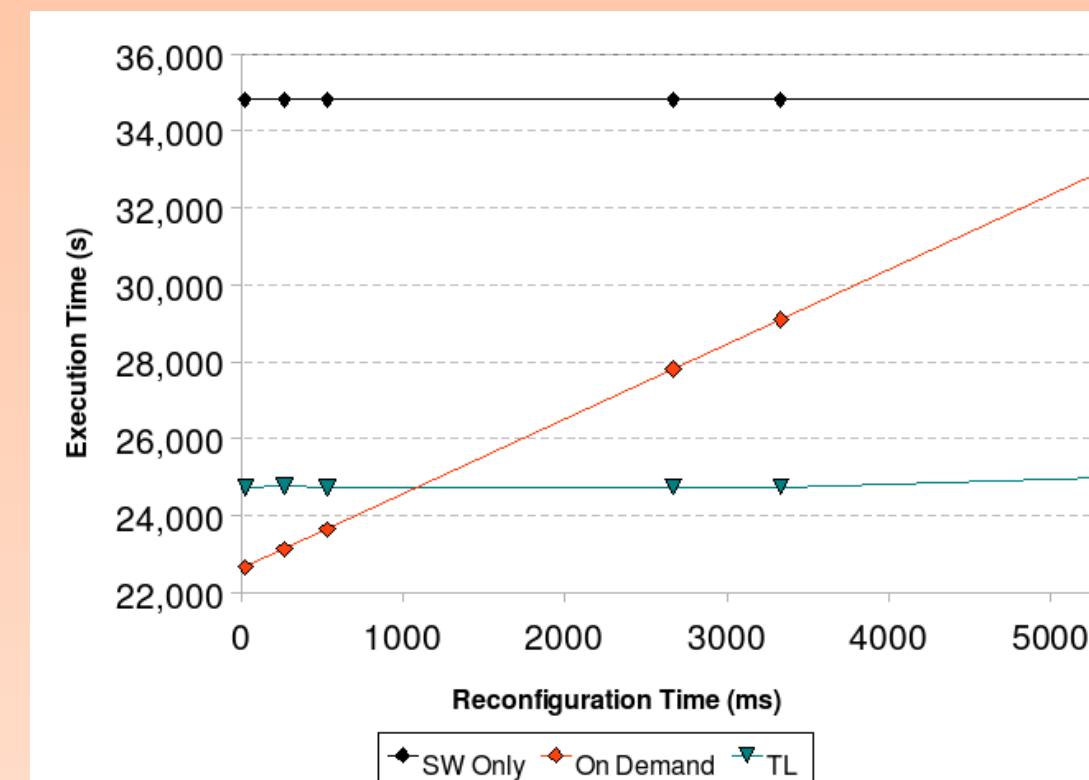
- Track recent kernel requests in history buffer
- Keep kernel with highest request frequency configured

Pseudocode

```

update_history(kernel) ;
if kernel not configured then
    if reconfigure_required(kernel) then
        initiate_reconfiguration(kernel) ;
    end
    execute in software ;
else
    start_SPP ;
    wait_for_SPP ;
    get_result_SPP ;
end
    
```

Simulation Results



Kernel Correlation

How it works

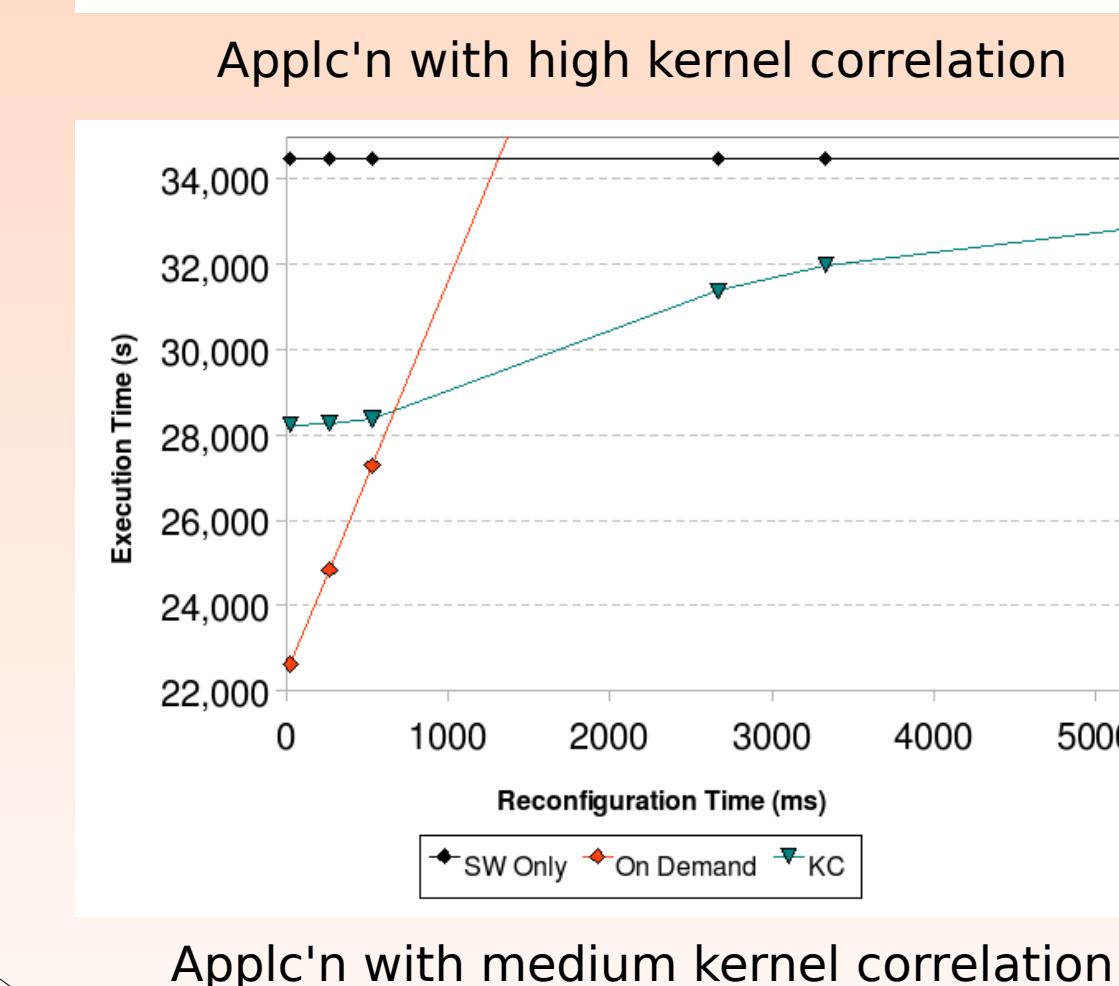
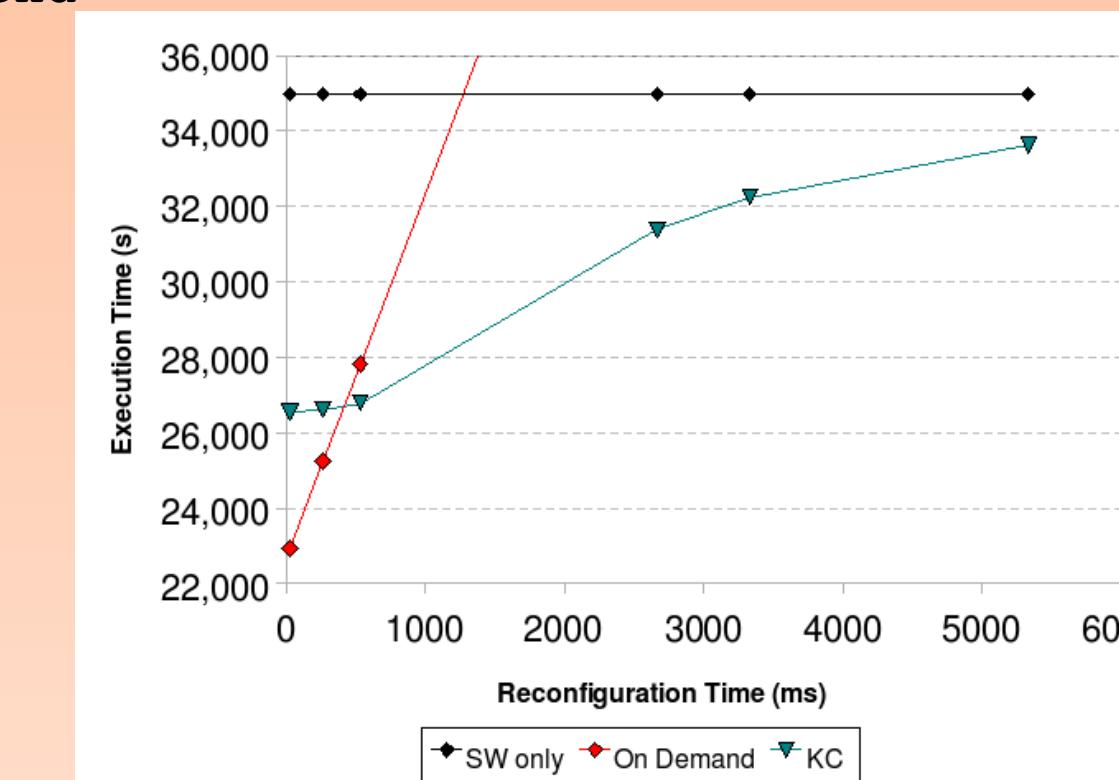
- Track recent kernel requests w.r.t current kernel
- Anticipate request for next kernel and configure

Pseudocode

```

update_history(kernel) ;
if kernel not configured then
    if reconfigure_required() then
        initiate_reconfiguration(next_kernel);
    end
    execute in software ;
else
    start_SPP ;
    wait_for_SPP ;
    get_result_SPP ;
    if reconfigure_required() then
        initiate_reconfiguration(next_kernel);
    end
end
    
```

Simulation Results



SystemC Simulation

Timed Functional Model

- CPU = 100MHz 32-bit MIPS
- FPGA = Virtex II Pro
- scheduler times from instruction set simulator
- application times from MediaBench suite
- simulator marks passage of time

Energy and Power Consumption

Case	Algorithm	Power	Time	Energy
High TL	SW Only	105.0 mW	34812 s	3.66 kJ
	On-Demand	104.5 mW	27803 s	2.91 kJ
Medium TL	SW Only	104.3 mW	24742 s	2.58 kJ
	On-Demand	105.0 mW	35471 s	3.72 kJ
High KC	SW Only	105.0 mW	35763 s	3.76 kJ
	On-Demand	104.8 mW	27465 s	2.88 kJ
Medium KC	SW Only	104.5 mW	34976 s	3.67 kJ
	On-Demand	104.9 mW	27816 s	2.91 kJ
High KC	SW Only	105.0 mW	34484 s	3.62 kJ
	On-Demand	104.5 mW	27287 s	2.85 kJ
Medium KC	SW Only	105.2 mW	28384 s	2.98 kJ
	On-Demand	104.9 mW	27888 s	2.81 kJ

Summary

- temporal locality
 - only effective if $t_{config} > t_{sw} - t_{hw}$
 - can reduce energy consumption by reducing reconfigurations
- kernel correlation
 - can reduce execution time by configuring before demand
 - increases power but decreases energy due to shortened execution