- **8.1a** What are the five sorting strategies discussed in class? Apart from distribution sort, identify the others as having a run-time of  $\Theta(1)$ , O(n), or  $\Theta(n)$ ?
- **8.1b** Selection sort goes through a lists, finds the largest element, and then swaps it with the last location. It then proceeds to find the second largest element, and swaps it with the second-last location. This is continued until the entire list is sorted. What is the most appropriate Landau symbol with
- **8.1c** Why is an in-place sorting algorithm more preferable to one that is not?
- **8.1c** A perfect binary tree of height h has  $2^h$  leaf nodes. Assuming that  $\ln(n!) = \Theta(n \ln(n))$ , what is the minimum height of a tree with n! leaf nodes?
- **8.1***d* What are the number of inversions in the following unsorted list?

**8.1***e* What is the number of inversions that are removed if the middle two elements are swapped? What are the number of inversions that are removed

- **8.1** Is it preferable to have a sorting algorithm that compares and possibly swaps adjacent entries, or one that compares and possibly swaps entries that are at a greater distance apart in the unsorted list? Does it make a difference? Give some arguments as to why one might be better.
- **8.1g** If f(n) = o(g(n)) what is the asymptotic growth of g(n) + 1.96 f(n) and what is the asymptotic growth of g(n) 1.96 f(n)? If you are not using big- $\Theta$ , give a concrete example with explicit functions.
- **8.1h** If  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$  what is the asymptotic growth of g(n) + 1.96 f(n) and what is the asymptotic growth of g(n) 1.96 f(n)? If you are not using big- $\Theta$ , give a concrete example with explicit functions.